| **Assignment 1 rubric** | | |
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| **Criteria** | **Ratings** | **Points** |
| **1.1**  **view longer description** | Comments  a. very good b. It is indeed sound. -0.1 c. very good | 0.8 / 0.9 pts |
| **1.2**  **view longer description** | Comments  a. very good b. There is indeed a true zero value -0.1 | 0.5 / 0.6 pts |
| **1.3**  **view longer description** | Comments  a. very good b. very good c. very good | 0.9 / 0.9 pts |
| **1.4**  **view longer description** | Comments  a. y axis does not start from 0 and bars are not all the same format -0.3 b. very good | 0.5 / 0.8 pts |
| **1.5 a)-c)**  **view longer description** | Comments  a. very good b. use summary(). sd needs to be computeed apart, as it's not included. -0.2 c. say the lower extreme too -0,1 | 1.3 / 1.6 pts |
| **1.5 d)**  **view longer description** | Comments  same as above -0.3 | 1.3 / 1.6 pts |
| **1.5 e)**  **view longer description** | Comments  very good | 0.6 / 0.6 pts |
| **1.6**  **view longer description** | Comments  Use prob=T in the histograms, to dosplay density -0.1 missing boxplots -0.2 the second vector is wrong. -0.1  type 1 is more efficient, more miles per gallons. -0.1 There are easier ways than using for loops in R, for example mil1[cyl1==4]] gives you type 1 cars with 4 cyl. -0.1 | 1.4 / 2 pts |
| **Graded by**  **view longer description** | Comments  Make sure you use the export button when exporting ggraphs. F. Candelora | 1 / 1 pts |
| Total points: 8.3 | | |